

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## SECTION 1) CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND MANUFACTURER'S IDENTIFICATION

**Product Name:** ISO-Guard ISO-102 Part B  
**Revision Date:** Dec 03, 2025  
**Version:** 1.0  
**Manufacturer's Name:** Res-Tek, Inc.  
**Address:** 110 Riverside Drive SW Cartersville, GA, 30120 United States of America  
**Emergency Phone:** CHEMTREC 24 hr. 1-800-424-9300 / 1 (703) 527-3887 (Collect calls accepted).  
**Information Phone Number:** 1-888-737-8351 / 1-770-427-4034  
**Product/Recommended Uses:** Industrial Flooring Resin

**Date Printed:** Dec 03, 2025  
**Supersedes Date:** N.A.

## SECTION 2) HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

### Classification

Flammable Liquids - Category 2

Acute toxicity Inhalation Dust/Mist - Category 4

Eye Irritation - Category 2A

Respiratory Sensitizer (Solid/Liquid) - Category 1

Skin Irritation - Category 3

Skin Sensitizer - Category 1

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure (Narcotic Effects) - Category 3

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure (Respiratory Tract Irritation) - Category 3

Safety data sheet prepared in accordance to the United States Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200) and the Canadian Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS).

### Pictograms



### Signal Word

Danger

### Hazardous Statements - Health

H332 - Harmful if inhaled

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H334 - May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled

H316 - Causes mild skin irritation

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

### Hazardous Statements - Physical

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

### Precautionary Statements - General

P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 - Keep out of reach of children.

P103 - Read label before use.

### Precautionary Statements - Prevention

P261 - Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection/face protection.

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P233 - Keep container tightly closed.

P240 - Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

P242 - Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges.

P284 - Wear respiratory protection.

P272 - Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

### Precautionary Statements - Response

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P312 - Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.

P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use carbon-di oxide, alcohol foam, water spray or dry chemical to extinguish.

P342 + P311 - If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or a rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P321 - Specific treatment (see First-Aid on this label).

P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing. And wash it before reuse.

### Precautionary Statements - Storage

P403 + P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P403 + P405 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Store locked up.

### Precautionary Statements - Disposal

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/national/international regulations.

## SECTION 3) COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

CAS	Chemical Name	% By Weight
0028182-81-2	HEXAMETHYLENE DIISOCYANATE POLYMER	70% - 80%
0000123-86-4	BUTYL ACETATE	10% - 20%
0000067-64-1	ACETONE	10% - 20%
0000822-06-0	HEXAMETHYLENE DIISOCYANATE	0% - 0%

Specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of the composition has been withheld to protect confidentiality.

## SECTION 4) FIRST-AID MEASURES

### Inhalation

Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If breathing is difficult, trained personnel should administer emergency oxygen if advised to do so by the POISON CENTER/doctor. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Take precautions to ensure your own safety (e.g. wear appropriate protective equipment).

### Eye Contact

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Rinse eyes cautiously with lukewarm, gently flowing water for several minutes, while holding the eyelids open. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for a duration of 15-20 minutes. Take care

not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or onto the face. Avoid direct contact. Wear chemical protective gloves, if necessary.

### **Skin Contact**

Wash with plenty of lukewarm, gently flowing water for a duration of 15-20 minutes or until medical aid is available. Store contaminated clothing under water and wash before re-use or discard. If skin irritation or a rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods (e.g. watchbands, belts).

### **Ingestion**

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell/If concerned: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor. If exposed/If you feel unwell/If concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

### **Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

No data available.

### **Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

Treatment should be supportive and based on the judgement of the physician in response to the reaction of the patient.

## **SECTION 5) FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

### **Suitable Extinguishing Media**

Small Fire : Dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide, water-spray or alcohol-resistant foam. Carbon dioxide can displace oxygen. Use caution when applying carbon dioxide in confined spaces. Large Fire : Water spray, fog or alcohol-resistant foam.

### **Unsuitable Extinguishing Media**

Do not use straight stream of water.

### **Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical**

Fire will produce irritating and toxic gases. Most vapors are heavier than air. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air Vapors will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks) Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Many liquids are lighter than water. Containers may explode in fire. May form an ignitable vapor/air mixture in closed tanks or containers.

### **Precautions for Firefighters**

Isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out. Caution should be exercised when using water or foam as frothing may occur, especially if sprayed into containers of hot, burning liquid. Dispose of fire debris and contaminated extinguishing water in accordance with official regulations.

### **Special Protective Equipment**

Wear protective pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear.

## **SECTION 6) ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

### **Emergency Procedure**

Stay uphill and/or upstream. Ventilate closed spaces before entering. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled materials unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Evacuate and isolate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel away. A vapor-suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors.

### **Protective Equipment**

Breathing protection is required. Wear chemical protective clothing and positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

### **Personal Precautions**

Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not get on skin, eyes or clothing.

### **Environmental Precautions**

Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Prevent spilled material from entering sewers, storm drains, other unauthorized drainage systems and natural waterways by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers. Dike far ahead of liquid spill for later disposal.

### **Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning up**

Ventilate area after clean-up is complete. Absorb or cover with dry earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers. Use clean, non-sparking tools to collect absorbed material.

## **SECTION 7) HANDLING AND STORAGE**

### **General**

Wash hands after use. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Use good personal hygiene practices. Eating, drinking and smoking in work areas is prohibited. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. All containers must be properly labelled. Eyewash stations and showers should be available in areas where this material is used and stored ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

## Ventilation Requirements

Use only with adequate ventilation to control air contaminants to their exposure limits. The use of local ventilation is recommended to control emissions near the source. Report ventilation failures immediately.

## Storage Room Requirements

Keep containers securely sealed when not in use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed to prevent leakage. Indoor storage should meet OSHA standards and appropriate fire codes. Empty containers retain residue and may be dangerous. Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated areas away from heat, direct sunlight and strong oxidizers. Store in approved containers and protect against physical damage. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharge. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by ground and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Use non-sparking ventilation systems, approved explosion-proof equipment and intrinsically safe electrical systems in areas where this product is used and stored.

## SECTION 8) EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### Eye protection

Wear eye protection with side shields or goggles. Wear indirect-vent, impact and splash resistant goggles when working with liquids.

### Skin Protection

Use of gloves approved to relevant standards made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection: PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, glove thickness, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Use of an apron and over-boots of chemically impervious materials such as neoprene or nitrile rubber. Launder soiled clothes or properly disposed of contaminated material, which cannot be decontaminated.

### Respiratory protection

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker, a respiratory protection program that meets or is equivalent to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 should be followed. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers.

### Appropriate Engineering Controls

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value.

Chemical Name	OSHA Tables (Z1, Z2, Z3)	OSHA Carcinogen	OSHA TWA (ppm)	OSHA TWA (mg/m3)	OSHA STEL (ppm)	OSHA STEL (mg/m3)	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	ACGIH TWA (mg/m3)
ACETONE	1		1000	2400			250	
BUTYL ACETATE	1		150	710			50	
HEXAMETHYLENE DIISOCYANATE							0.005	
Chemical Name	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	ACGIH STEL (mg/m3)	ACGIH Carcinogen	ACGIH TLV Basis	ACGIH Notations	OSHA Skin designation	CAN_ONsmg	CAN_ONtmg
ACETONE	500		A4	URT & eye irr; CNS impair	A4; BEI			
BUTYL ACETATE	150			Eye & URT irr				
HEXAMETHYLENE DIISOCYANATE				URT irr; resp sens	BEI			
Chemical Name	CAN_ONspmm	CAN_ONtppm	CAN_QCVEMP ppm - CANADA_QUE BEC VALEUR D'EXPOSITION MOYENNE PONDÉRÉE_ppm	CAN_QCVEMP mg - CANADA_QUE BEC VALEUR D'EXPOSITION MOYENNE PONDÉRÉE_mg	CAN_QCVECD ppm - CANADA_QUE BEC VALEUR D'EXPOSITION DE COURTE DURÉE_ppm	CAN_QCVECD mg - CANADA_QUE BEC VALEUR D'EXPOSITION DE COURTE DURÉE_mg	CAN_ALtppm	CAN_ALtmg
ACETONE			250	1190	500	2380	500	1200
BUTYL ACETATE			50		150			

HEXAMETHYLENE DIISOCYANATE	C 0.02	0.005	0.005	0.034			0.005	0.03
<b>Chemical Name</b>	<b>CAN_ALsmg</b>	<b>CAN_AL_Notation</b>	<b>CANtppm</b>	<b>CANtmg</b>	<b>CANsppm</b>	<b>CANsmg</b>	<b>CAN_AL_Carcinogen</b>	<b>CAN_ALsppm</b>
ACETONE	1800		750	1782	1000	2375		750
BUTYL ACETATE			150	713	200	950		
HEXAMETHYLENE DIISOCYANATE			0.005	0.034				
<b>Chemical Name</b>	<b>NIOSH TWA (mg/m3)</b>	<b>NIOSH TWA (ppm)</b>	<b>NIOSH STEL (mg/m3)</b>	<b>NIOSH STEL (ppm)</b>	<b>NIOSH Carcinogen</b>			
ACETONE	590	250						
BUTYL ACETATE	710	150	950	200				
HEXAMETHYLENE DIISOCYANATE	0.035	0.005						

(C) - Ceiling limit, A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen, BEI - Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices, CNS - Central nervous system, impair - Impairment, irr - Irritation, resp - respiratory, sens - sensitization, URT - Upper respiratory tract

## SECTION 9) PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Liquid Dispersion.
Color.	Clear.
Odor	Organic solvent.
Odor Threshold (ppm)	Not available.
pH (Value)	Not available.
Melting Point (°C) / Freezing Point (°C)	Not available.
Boiling point/boiling range (°C):	56 – 126 (132 – 258°F).
Flash Point (°C)	-20 (-4°F).
Evaporation Rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Explosive Limit Ranges	Not available.
Vapour pressure (mmHg)	Not available.
Vapour Density (Air=1)	Not available.
Density (g/ml)	1.045 @ 25 °C (8.72 lb/gal).
Specific Gravity	1.045
Solubility (Water)	Not available.
Solubility (Other)	Not available.
Partition Coefficient (n-Octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto Ignition Point (°C)	Not available.
Decomposition Temperature (°C)	Not available.
Dynamic Viscosity (cPs @ 25°C)	Not available.
Explosive properties	Not available.
Oxidizing properties	Not available.
<b>Other information</b>	VOC Content: 196 g/L less water.

## SECTION 10) STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

### Reactivity

No data available.

### Chemical Stability

Stable under normal storage and handling conditions.

### Possibility of Hazardous Reactions/Polymerization

Will not occur. No data available.

### Conditions To Avoid

Avoid all possible sources of ignition, heat, sparks, flame, build up of static electricity and contact with incompatible materials.

### Incompatible Materials

Strong bases, acids, and oxidizing agents.

### Hazardous Decomposition Products

Oxides of carbon.

## SECTION 11) TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### Acute Toxicity

Harmful if inhaled

The Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) for an oral exposure to this mixture is >5000 mg/kg body weight

The Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) for a dermal exposure to this mixture is >5000 mg/kg body weight

The Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) for an inhalation (vapour) exposure to this mixture is >20 mg/l

The Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) for an inhalation (dust and mist) exposure to this mixture is 1.67653 mg/l

### Aspiration Hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Carcinogenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Respiratory/Skin Sensitization

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled

May cause an allergic skin reaction

0000067-64-1 ACETONE

Can irritate the nose and throat causing coughing and wheezing.

0000123-86-4 BUTYL ACETATE

Can severely irritate and burn the eyes.

### Reproductive Toxicity

0000123-86-4 BUTYL ACETATE

Can irritate the respiratory tract.

### Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Causes serious eye irritation

0000067-64-1 ACETONE

Exposure can irritate the eyes.

0000123-86-4 BUTYL ACETATE

Can severely irritate and burn the skin.

### Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Causes mild skin irritation

0000067-64-1 ACETONE

Can cause skin irritation.

0000123-86-4 BUTYL ACETATE

May cause effects on the central nervous system.

### Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness

May cause respiratory irritation

0000067-64-1 ACETONE

May affect the kidneys and liver.

### Likely Routes of Exposure

Inhalation, Ingestion, Skin contact, Eye contact

0000067-64-1 ACETONE

Substance can be absorbed into the body by inhalation.

### Potential Health Effects - Miscellaneous

0000067-64-1 ACETONE

The following medical conditions may be aggravated by exposure: lung disease, eye disorders, skin disorders. Overexposure may cause damage to any of the following organs/systems: blood, central nervous system, eyes, kidneys, liver, respiratory system, skin.

0000123-86-4 BUTYL ACETATE

May cause abnormal liver function. The following medical conditions may be aggravated by exposure: respiratory system. Tests for embryotoxic activity in animals has been inconclusive. Rats exposed to very high airborne levels have exhibited high frequency hearing deficits. The significance of this to man is unknown. Has been toxic to the fetus in laboratory animals at doses that are toxic to the mother.

0028182-81-2 HEXAMETHYLENE DIISOCYANATE POLYMER

Overexposure may cause asthma-like reactions with shortness of breath, wheezing, cough, which may be permanent; or permanent lung sensitization. This effect may be delayed for several hours after exposure. The following medical conditions may be aggravated by exposure: asthma, skin disorders, respiratory disorders. Potential skin sensitizer that may cause allergic reactions and contact dermatitis resulting in severe irritation, dryness, and cracking of the skin. Skin or eye contact may cause any of the following: irritation.

### Chronic Exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

0000822-06-0 HEXAMETHYLENE DIISOCYANATE

LC50 (rat): 310-350 mg/m3 (45-51 ppm) (4-hour exposure) (1,2)

LC50 (rat): 274 mg/m3 (40 ppm) (1-hour exposure); 137 mg/m3 (20 ppm) (equivalent 4-hour exposure) (2)

LC50 (mouse): 30 mg/m3 (4.4 ppm) (2-hour exposure); 21.2 mg/m3 (3.1 ppm)

LD50 (oral, rat): 710 mg/kg (1); 738 mg/kg (2); 960 mg/kg (2)

LD50 (oral, mouse): 350 mg/kg; 1980 mg/kg (2)

LD50 (dermal, rabbit): 570 mg/kg (1); 593 mg/kg (2)

0000123-86-4 BUTYL ACETATE

LC50 (rat): 1802 mg/m3; 4-hour exposure (aerosol)(9) Note: A lower LC50 (aerosol) value of 760 mg/m3 (160 ppm); 4-hour exposure has been reported.(11,27) Extensive research has failed to confirm this value.

LD50 (oral, rat): 10770 mg/kg (12, unconfirmed)

LD50 (oral, mouse): 7100 mg/kg (5)

LD50 (oral, rabbit): 7400 mg/kg (cited as 64 millimols/kg) (13)

LD50 (dermal, rabbit): Greater than 5000 mg/kg (3, unconfirmed)

0000067-64-1 ACETONE

LC50 (male rat): 30000 ppm (4-hour exposure); cited as 71000 mg/m3 (4-hour exposure) (29)

LC50 (male mouse): 18600 ppm (4-hour exposure); cited as 44000 mg/m3 (4-hour exposure) (29)

LD50 (oral, female rat): 5800 mg/kg (24)

LD50 (oral, mature rat): 6700 mg/kg (cited as 8.5 mL/kg) (31)

LD50 (oral, newborn rat): 1750 mg/kg (cited as 2.2 mL/kg) (31)

LD50 (oral, mouse): 3000 mg/kg (32, unconfirmed)

LD50 (dermal, rabbit): Greater than 16000 mg/kg cited as 20 mL/kg) (30)

## SECTION 12) ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### Ecotoxicity

0000123-86-4 BUTYL ACETATE

Readily biodegradable

### Persistence and Degradability

0000067-64-1 ACETONE

91% readily biodegradable, Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

Readily biodegradable.

0000123-86-4 BUTYL ACETATE

Readily biodegradable

#### Bioaccumulative Potential

No data available.

#### Mobility in Soil

0000067-64-1 ACETONE

The substance is not PBT / vPvB.

#### Other Adverse Effects

No data available.

#### Results of the PBT and vPvB assessment

0000123-86-4 BUTYL ACETATE

The substance is not PBT / vPvB.

### SECTION 13) DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### Waste Disposal

It is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine at the time of disposal whether the product meets local criteria for hazardous waste. Waste management should be in full compliance with national, state and local laws. Empty Containers retain product residue which may exhibit hazards of material, therefore do not pressurize, cut, glaze, weld or use for any other purposes.

### SECTION 14) TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Display Order	U.S. DOT Information	IMDG Information	IATA Information
UN Number:	UN1993	UN1993	UN1993
UN proper shipping name:	Flammable liquids, n.o.s. (ACETONE)	Flammable liquids, n.o.s. (ACETONE)	Flammable liquids, n.o.s. (ACETONE)
Transport Hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	II	II	II
Hazardous substance (RQ)	No Data Available	No Data Available	No Data Available
Environmental hazards	No Data Available	No Data Available	No Data Available
Special precautions for user	No Data Available	No Data Available	No Data Available
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code	No Data Available	No Data Available	No Data Available

### SECTION 15) REGULATORY INFORMATION

CAS	Chemical Name	% By Weight	Regulation List
0028182-81-2	HEXAMETHYLENE DIISOCYANATE POLYMER	70% - 80%	DSL - Domestic Substance List, SARA312, TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA), Canada_ON_419, TSCA_CDR - TSCA - Chemical Data Reporting (CDR) Rule, TSCATS - TOXIC SUBSTANCES CONTROL ACT TEST SUBMISSIONS



0000123-86-4	BUTYL ACETATE	10% - 20%	Canada_NPRI, DSL - Domestic Substance List, CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, SARA312, TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA), PA_HAZ - Pennsylvania Hazardous Substance List, Canada_ON_419, NJ_RightToKnow_HazSubList - New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List (RTKHSL), NJ_RightToKnow_SpecialHealthHazard_SubList - New Jersey Right To Know Special Health Hazard Substance List, TSCA_CDR - TSCA - Chemical Data Reporting (CDR) Rule, MA_RightToKnow - Massachusetts Right to Know, TSCATS - TOXIC SUBSTANCES CONTROL ACT TEST SUBMISSIONS
0000067-64-1	ACETONE	10% - 20%	DSL - Domestic Substance List, CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, SARA312, TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA), Canada_ON_127, PA_HAZ - Pennsylvania Hazardous Substance List, Canada_ON_419, NJ_RightToKnow_HazSubList - New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List (RTKHSL), NJ_RightToKnow_SpecialHealthHazard_SubList - New Jersey Right To Know Special Health Hazard Substance List, TSCA_CDR - TSCA - Chemical Data Reporting (CDR) Rule, MA_RightToKnow - Massachusetts Right to Know, TSCATS - TOXIC SUBSTANCES CONTROL ACT TEST SUBMISSIONS
0000822-06-0	HEXAMETHYLENE DIISOCYANATE	0.01 – 0.1%	SARA313, DSL - Domestic Substance List, CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, SARA312, TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA), Canada_ON_419, NJ_RightToKnow_HazSubList - New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List (RTKHSL), TSCA_CDR - TSCA - Chemical Data Reporting (CDR) Rule, MA_RightToKnow - Massachusetts Right to Know, TSCATS - TOXIC SUBSTANCES CONTROL ACT TEST SUBMISSIONS

## SECTION 16) OTHER INFORMATION

### Glossary

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service ; Chemtrec - Chemical Transportation Emergency Center; DSL - Domestic Substances List; ESL- Effects screening levels; GHS - "Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations; HMIS - Hazardous Material Information Service; IATA - Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA); IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code; LC - Lethal Concentration; LD - Lethal Dose; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; OEL - Occupational Exposure Limits; OSHA- Occupational Safety and Health Administration, US Department of Labor; PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit; SARA 313 - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act, Section 313; SCBA - Self Contained Breathing Apparatus; ppm - parts per million; STEL - Short-term exposure limit; TLV - Threshold Limit Value; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act Public Law 94-469; TWA - Time-weighted average; US DOT- US Department of Transportation.

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